

# **Reporting on Section 6**

### **Community and Town Councils**

Environment (Wales) Act 2016 Part 1 – Section 6
The Biodiversity and Resilience of Ecosystems Duty

The Biodiversity and Resilience of Ecosystems Duty		
Report 2025		
Name of Community or Town Council:	Tongwynlais Community Council	
Group:	2	

#### Introduction and Context

Tongwynlais Community Council manages areas of land within the village that it owns and manages some areas of land owned by Cardiff Council. It has influence over land management and funds several local biodiversity projects.

TCC serves approximately 1421 electorates. The precept for 2025-26 is £31,350.

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#### **Action Report 2023 - 2025 NRAP** Monitored Action carried out to... **Objective** bv: -embed biodiversity into TCC employs a groundsman to maintain grass Council areas in the village, with some areas left to decision making & grow to encourage wildflowers procurement TCC employs a litter picker to help reduce polluting factors Funds set aside in annual budget for supporting the Primary School Gardening Club. Funds set aside in annual budget to purchase of daffodil bulbs and planting equipment. Funds set aside in annual budget to purchase "Clean up after your dog" signs. TCC organised a community event to plant -raise awareness of Council 1000 daffodil bulbs around the village. biodiversity & its importance Tongwynlais has a variety of wildflowers, care -safeguard principal Council is taken when planting daffodil bulbs, and species and habitats when strimming grass banks not to damage these wild plants. Tongwynlais has a large area of ancient woodland at Fforest Fawr which is a site of 2 specific scientific interest (SSSI). This area is managed by Natural Resources Wales where recent tree felling has taken place for larch disease to protect the native species of

woodlands. TCC would take the safeguarding

Un	Llais Cymru			
One	e Voice Wales		of this area into consideration against future developments.  Tongwynlais has a nature reserve area by the Glamorganshire Canal which is managed by Natural Resources Wales. TCC would take the safeguarding of this area into consideration against future developments.  TCC nominated a large oak tree in the picnic area near the Glamorganshire Canal nature reserve for the Woodland Trust Champion a Tree competition.	
	3	-restore & create habitats and resilient ecological networks	TCC funds the Primary School Gardening Club project to create 50 hanging baskets for the village.  TCC organised a community event to plant 1000 daffodil bulbs around the village.  TCC own an area of land used for allotments and encourages allotment owners from the area to manage the land.	Council
	4	-tackle negative factors: for e.g. reduce pollution, use nature based solutions, address invasive species	TCC employs a litter picker. Japanese Knotweed on Community Council land is being monitored to prevent spread. TCC purchased several "Clean up after your dog" signs to help reduce dog fouling in the village. A nature reserve area by the Glamorganshire Canal is prone to fly tipping. TCC reports any incidents to Cardiff Council to ensure rubbish is removed quickly.	Council

Review of S6 duty actions for 2023-2025			
What has worked well?	Hanging Basket Project successful.  TCC has worked with local environmental experts and Cardiff Council to establish no-mow wildflower areas in the village.  A new flower garden area has been created with a grant received from Local Places for Nature.  Fruit trees have been planted following donations from Coed Caerdydd.		
What have the barriers been?	Allotment shed and gardens project has been slow to get started, but clean-up exercises have been completed and new plans.		

baskets for the village.

Information on the hanging basket project with

the local Primary School has been shared with One Voice Wales for them to pass on the idea

to other Community Councils.

TCC funds various Primary School Gardening

Club projects, including the provision of a

polytunnel and funds to create 50 hanging

Council

Council

-use improve and share

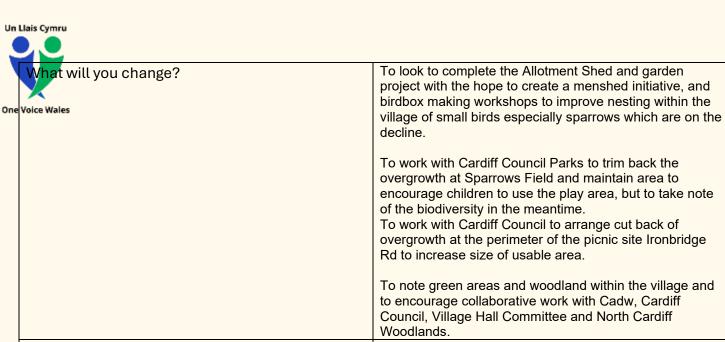
-support capacity and/or

other organisations

evidence

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How and when will the s6 duty be monitored and the s6 plan reviewed?

Reviewed Annually in October Community Council meeting prior to setting of next Financial Year's budget, so that funds for future projects can be included.





Group	Description of organisation relative to biodiversity.  Organisations:	Minimum Actions	Examples	NRAP objectives for Action Reporting (see template Annex 1)
1	that own or occupy an office building only and whose functions are not directly connected to biodiversity and/or land management.	Actions related to buildings management, procurement, sustainability, awareness raising, training, or in partnership with other organisations	Commissions, DVLA	NRAP objectives 1, 4, 6
2	that own, occupy or manage land their own buildings and grounds, whose functions are connected with biodiversity and/or land management, or that can influence those who own or manage land.	As per Group 1 above PLUS grounds management, cascading funding criteria, providing education and training	Public Health Wales, Universities, Sport Wales	NRAP objectives 1,4,6 as above NRAP objectives 2, 3, 5 relating to own grounds
3	that own or manage land beyond their own grounds, whether their functions are connected with biodiversity and/or land management or not.	As per Groups 1 and 2 above PLUS land management to maintain and enhance biodiversity, and promote the resilience of ecosystems.	Dŵr Cymru, Local Authorities, NRW, Welsh Government	All NRAP objectives

The Nature Recovery Action Plan for Wales (NRAP) sets out six objectives for reversing the decline of biodiversity which should be used to help develop and guide actions to comply with the section 6 duty:

The 6 objectives to maintain and enhance biodiversity are:

Objective 1: Engage and support participation and understanding to embed

biodiversity throughout decision making at all levels

Objective 2: Safeguard species and habitats of principal importance and

improve their management

Objective 3: Increase the resilience of our natural environment by restoring

degraded habitats and habitat creation

Objective 4: Tackle key pressures on species and habitats

Objective 5: Improve our evidence, understanding and monitoring

**Objective 6:** Put in place a framework of governance and support for

delivery





Grŵp	Disgrifiad o sefydliad mewn perthynas â bioamrywiaeth Sefydliadau:	Camau Gweithredu Sylfaenol	Enghreifftiau	Amcanion NRAP ar gyfer Adrodd ar gamau Gweithredu (Gweler Templedi)
1	sy'n berchen neu'n meddiannu adeilad swyddfa yn unig     ac nad yw eu swyddogaethau'n gysylltiedig yn uniongyrchol â bioamrywiaeth a/neu reoli tir.	Camau sy'n gysylltiedig a rheoli adeiladau, caffael, cynaliadwyedd, codi ymwybyddiaeth, hyfforddiant, neu mewn partneriaeth â sefydliadau eraill.	Comisynau, DVLA	Amcanion NRAP: 1, 4, a 6
2	sy'n berchen yn meddiannu neu'n rheoli eu adeiladau a'u tir eu hunain,     y mae eu swyddogaethau'n gysylltiedig a bioamrywiaeth a/neu reoli tir, neu     sy'n gallu dylanwadu ar y rhai sy'n berchen ar dir neu'n rheoli tir.	Fel Grŵp 1 uchod A rheoli tir, rhaeadru meini prawf cyllido, darparu addysg a hyfforddiant	lechyd Cyhoeddus Cymru, Prifysgolion, Chwaraeon Cymru	Amcanion NRAP: 1,4, a 6 fel uchod + Amcanion NRAP: 2, 3, a 5 yn ymwneud â thir y sefydliad
3	sy'n berchen ar dir neu'n rheoli tir y tu hwnt I'w tir eu hunain, waeth a yw eu swyddogaethau'n gysylltiedig â bioamrywiaeth a/neu reoli tir ai peidio.	Fel Grwpiau 1 a 2 uchod A rheoli tir er mwyn cynnal a gwella bioamrywiaeth, a hyrwyddo cydnerthedd ecosystemau.	Dŵr Cymru, Awdurdodau Lleol, CNC, Llywodraeth Cymru	Holl amcanion NRAP: 1,2,3,4,5 a 6

Mae Cyllun Gweithredu Adfer Natur Cymru (NRAP) yn gosod chwe amcan ar gyfer gwrthdroi dirywiad bioamrywiaeth a dylid eu defnyddio i helpu i ddatblygu ac arwain gweithredoedd i gydymffurfio â dyletswydd adran 6:

Y 6 amcan i gynnal a gwella bioamrywiaeth yw:

Amcan 1: Ymgysylltu a chynorthwyo cyfranogi a dealltwriaeth er mwyn

gwreiddio bioamrywiaeth ledled y penderfyniadau a wneir ar bob

lefel

Amcan 2: Diogelu'r rhywogaethau a'r cynefinoedd pwysicaf, a gwella'r modd

y'u rheolir

Amcan 3: Cynyddu cydnerthedd ein hamgylchedd naturiol trwy adfer

cynefinoedd a ddiraddiwyd, a chreu cynefinoedd

Amcan 4: Mynd i'r afael â'r pwysau allweddol sydd ar rywogaethau a

chynefinoedd

Amcan 5: Gwella ein tystiolaeth, ein dealltwriaeth a'n systemau monitro

Amcan 6: Sefydlu fframwaith llywodraethu a chymorth ar gyfer cyflenwi



Arolwg o ddyletswydd Adran 6 2023 - 2025		
Beth sydd wedi gweithio'n dda?		
Beth fu'r rhwystrau?		
Beth fyddwch yn ei newid?		
Sut a phryd fydd y ddyletswydd Adran 6 yn cael ei monitro a'r cynllun Adran 6 wedi'i adolygu?		



## Adrodd ar Adran 6

### Cynghorau Tref a Chynghorau Cymuned

Deddf yr Amgylchedd (Cymru) 2016 Rhan 1 – Adran 6 Y Ddyletswydd Bioamrywiaeth a Chydnerthedd Ecosystemau

Ddyletswydd Bioam	Adroddiad 2025  Ddyletswydd Bioamrywiaeth a Chydnerthedd Ecosystemau		
Enw y Cyngor Tref neu Gymuned:			
Grŵp:			

### Cyflwyniad a'r Cyd-destun

- Disgrifiad byr o'r Cyngor, ei swyddogaethau a'r cyd-destun o ran
  - sut y gallai helpu bioamrywiaeth (trwy ei swyddogaethau rheoli tir, cyllid grant, gweithgareddau addysgol e.e.)
  - graddfa ofodol a lle (e.e. faint o dir mae'n ei gynnwys, poblogaeth, praesept?)
  - cyflawni gwasanaethau i'r cyhoedd (e.e. a yw'n destun Ddeddf Llesiant Cenedlaethau'r Dyfodol?)

Adroddiad Gweithredu 2023 - 2025				
Amcan NRAP	Camau gweithredu i		Wedi eu monitro gan:	
	-cynnwys bioamrywiaeth o fewn llunio penderfyniadau a chaffael			
'	-codi ymwybyddiaeth o fioamrywiaeth a'i bwysigrwydd			
2	-diogelu prif rywogaethau a chynefinoedd			
3	-adfer & chreu cynefinoedd a rhwydweithiau ecolegol cydnerth			
4	-mynd i'r afael ag elfennau negyddol: lleihau llygredd e.e. defnyddio atebion yn seiliedig ar natur, mynd i'r afael â rhywogaethau goresgynnol			
5	-defnyddio gwella a rhannu tystiolaeth			
6	-cefnogi capasiti ac/neu sefydliadau eraill			